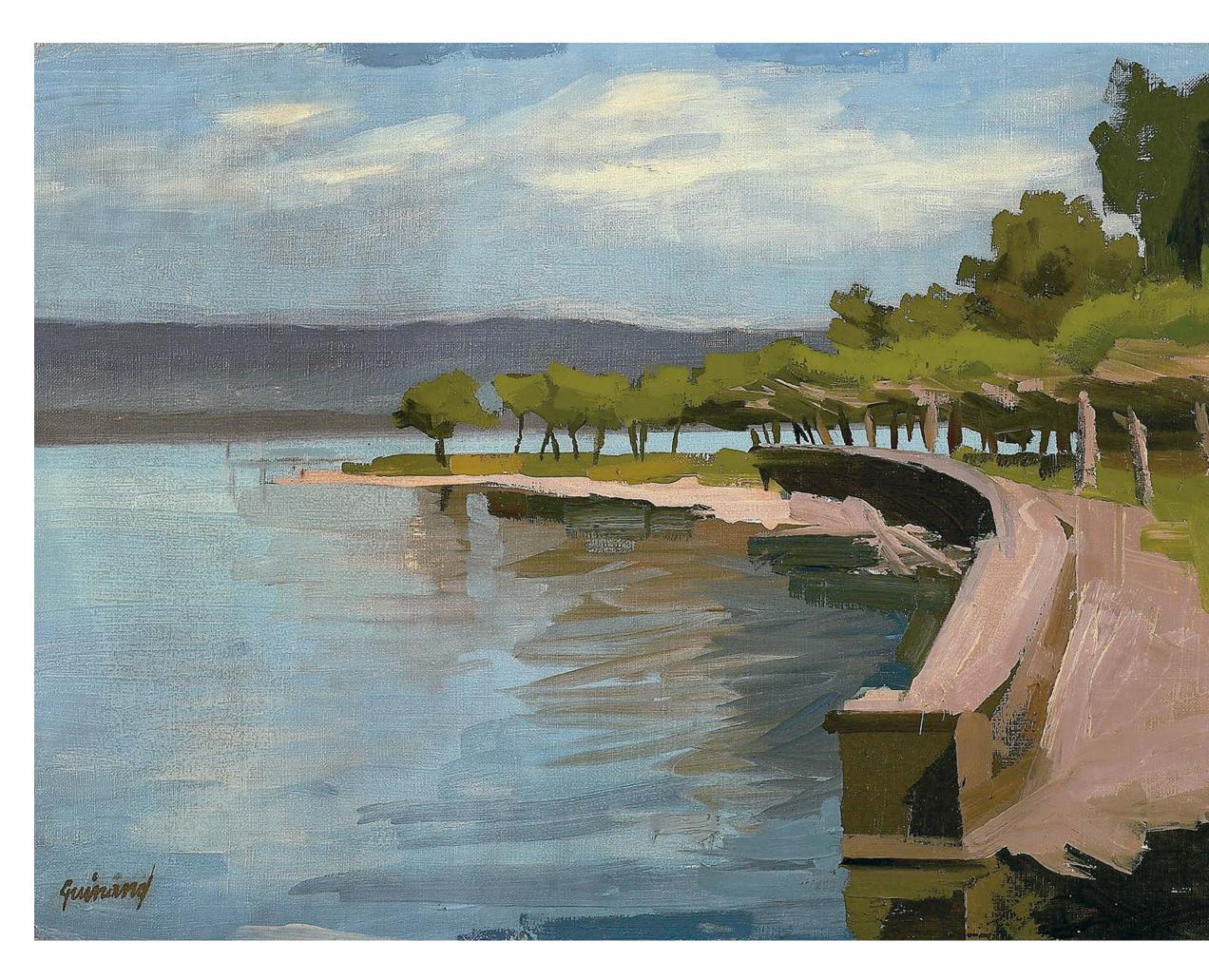
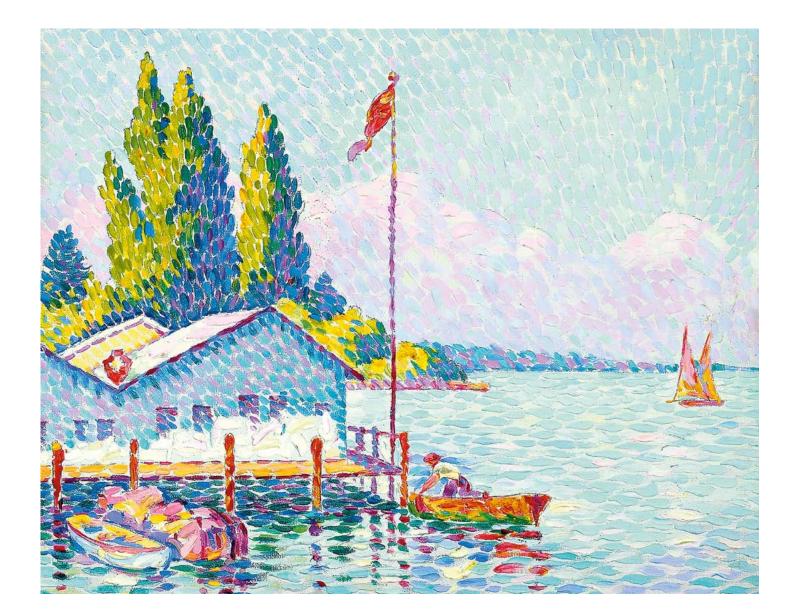
MY ODE TO THE LAKE



Having been raised on the shores of Lake Geneva, Philippe Stern was drawn to the area as his theme when he began to collect art. Here, he fondly recalls his own sailing adventures and the paintings that inspire him, while the historian and novelist Jacques Bressler surveys the collection that Mr. Stern has assembled





A UNIQUE ART COLLECTION INSPIRED a storm threatened, we soon learned to BY A LIFELONG LOVE OF LAKE GENEVA

I was a lake child, and from my earliest years I was lulled to sleep by the sound of the waves washing onto the shore at Creuxde-Genthod. In the late 1940s and the early 1950s, there was no chance of going off to see the world as young people do today. My escape was the lake.

Even when very young, I and a few of my Snipe dinghies to discover the lake and its shores. We imagined ourselves to be great explorers on an expedition. Our goal was sudden changes of mood. the mouth of the Rhône, which marked the beginning of the lake. We rarely made it that far since the wind was not always with us, and we would stop on some wild part Hundreds of regattas, day and night, many of the shore and grill something over a of which ended in victory, for example, fire, and perhaps even stay the night. When my seven Bol d'Or triumphs. However, the expeditions on the lake. Today, young people

head quickly for one of the many small ports along the lakeside.

At those times the ports were deserted. Occasionally we would run into an old fisherman who would tell us hair-raising tales about terrible winds that swept away boats where crews lacked experience and forethought. Ever since, I have remained convinced that the lake is a living element friends would set off for several days on our that can neither be tamed nor subdued and that, to feel at ease, one must watch I sailed through a few storms. it continuously and be prepared for its

> Later on, for almost 40 years my passion for the lake led me to take part in all the regattas organized in the Léman region.

pleasure lies not in having beaten my opponents but rather in having mastered all the elements that make up the lake's personality, as well as observing its waves and shores and the mountains around it and, especially, the clouds racing overhead.

Those intense hours, and even days, of navigation were pure joy. They brought me a sense of humility and respect for nature and also an equilibrium that has helped me in my professional life, during which

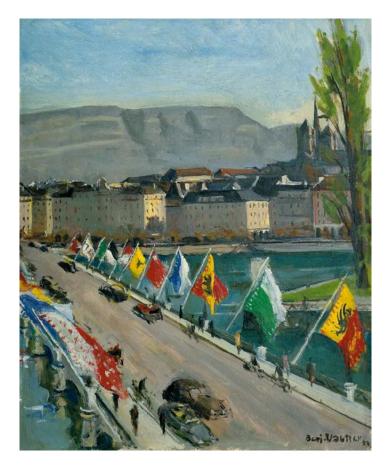
That is why, over the years, I have been collecting paintings that express the personality of the lake and its shores and ports. Some were chosen purely on artistic merit, but I have been especially drawn to works that brought back emotions and memories that I have stored up from my numerous





Pages 54–55: the serenity of the lake, as seen in René Guinand's Le lac à Hermance (The lake at Hermance) from 1948, provided a soothing contrast to the bustle of twentieth-century city life, which was his usual subject. Page 56: the color and light effects of his native Nice, along with the pointillism of Signac, were strong influences on Édouard de Fer's work. He was active during the early twentieth century, during which he painted L'embarcadère (The pier).

This page: scenes of the lake in the late nineteenth century are captured in Constance Suzanne Assinare's paintings, such as the 1898 Vers le Haut-Lac (Toward the head of the lake), a study in soft blues of water, mountains, and sky (left), and in the works of Frédéric Dufaux, whose long career spanned the late nineteenth century to the 1940s. The painting below, Le retour du marché (Returning from market), is a large-scale work that presents an everyday scene with poetic sensibility





Clockwise, from above: Léon Gaud was a master of landscapes and rustic scenes of the late nineteenth century. In his work Les dames paysannes d'Hermance (Peasant women of Hermance) the handling of light and shade handling of light and shade that captures the turning of sunset to dusk is exquisite. In contrast, painting in the early 1950s, Benjamin success as a painter of success as a painter of still lifes but also created stunning landscapes bathed in light, such as this view of Geneva.

Vautier the younger revels in the brilliance of the colors of the flags seen in the daytime sunshine in *Le pont du* Sunshine in *Le pont du* Mont-Blanc pavoisé (Flags decorating the Mont-Blanc bridge). Vautier had great success as a painter of still lifes but also created

Yet perhaps more than any other artist in the collection, Louis Baudit captured the spirit of the captured the spirit of the landscape. He painted the lake in its many moods and had a gift for capturing the effects of wind on water, cloud formations, and boats catching the breeze, as exemplified by *Le matin devant Cologny* (Morning, Cologny) of 1943





Above: in the mid-twentieth century work Le Château de Glérolles près de Rivaz (The Château de Glérolles, near Rivaz), Albert Duplain's

clever use of perspective gives us an unusual view of Lake Geneva, leading the eye down toward the castle and then out onto the lake

and mountains beyond. Opposite: the atmosphere of sunny, breezy days spent relaxing beside the lake is enjoyed in Ellis Zbinden's

later twentieth-century watercolors, such as Les parasols sur le quai des Eaux-Vives (Parasols on the embankment at Eaux-Vives)



might see nothing more in this than nostalgia for bygone pleasures, but I hope that, despite that, they will recognize that the lake is a priceless gift that must be cherished and preserved.

THE EXPERT VIEW: JACQUES BRESSLER **ON ART THAT CAPTURES A LOST ERA**

Few private collections possess the charm and authenticity of the one that has been put together by Mr. and Mrs. Stern around the theme of Lake Geneva.

Travelers and tourists have long visited One symbol of this lost past is the barque from all over Europe to admire the beauties *du Léman,* or Lake Geneva barge, which of the lake and to sail on its waters. But was a favorite subject of local painters. those fortunate enough to live around These barges appear again and again in the it have the great privilege of contemplating Stern collection, and almost all the artists daily the impressive expanse of water, succumbed to their charms. Of particular the subtle changes in the light that occur note in the collection is the superb execuaccording to the hour or season, and the tion of the works by Auguste Veillon and scenes that unfold on its shores. Albert Gos; the unerring talent of Nathanaël Such are the images preserved for us by Lemaître; the small paintings by François the painters so lovingly selected for the Bocion; the large-format work of Frédéric

These paintings bear witness to the past that we no longer see: this lakeside spot, that quay, those boats...

Stern collection. They also bear witness to the past that we no longer see: this lakeside spot, that quay, those boats... They all once existed, but progress has banished them forever.

Dufaux; and the austerity, but also the acute observation, of Eugène Martin.

Above all, however, the collection pays tribute to Louis Baudit (see pages 58-59), whom the Stern family supported in 1924 at the time of his first exhibition. This remarkable artist has left us a vision of the Geneva shores and the famous barges that is so true and so poetic that one can never tire of contemplating the major works assembled here.

After viewing the Stern collection, one no longer sees the lake as before. When art remains authentic, refusing to bow to the dictates of fashion, it opens our eyes to nature and mankind. *